AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the captioned patent application:

Listing of Claims:

1-19. (Cancelled)

20. (Previously Presented) A manually adjustable forceps tool for controlling an implantable electrode assembly of a stimulating medical device comprising:

a first flexible arm comprising contiguous first and second elongate regions, wherein the distal end of said first region is connected to the proximal end of said second region, a length of said second region comprising a concave cross-sectional shaped region, wherein the proximal end of said concave-shaped cross-sectional region is configured to receive said electrode assembly along a longitudinal axis through the geometric center of said concave-shaped cross-sectional region and wherein said concave cross-sectional shape enables said second region to receive and support said electrode assembly such that relative longitudinal movement of said electrode assembly with respect to the forceps tool is permitted while relative lateral movement of said electrode assembly with respect to the forceps tool is substantially restricted; and

a second flexible arm comprising first and second contiguous elongate regions, wherein the distal end of said first region is connected to the proximal end of said second region, said second region of said second arm having a tip region, wherein said longitudinal axis is substantially parallel to a longitudinal axis of said tip region, and

wherein said proximal end of said first region of said first arm is connected to the proximal end of said first region of said second arm, and wherein application of a force to at least one of said first regions causes said tip region to travel toward said concave cross-sectional shaped region, and when said tip is in proximity to said concave cross-sectional shaped region said electrode assembly is retained in a space defined by said concave cross-sectional shaped region and said tip region, thereby providing operator control of the relative longitudinal movement of said electrode assembly.

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Amendment After Appeal

21. (Previously Presented) The forceps of claim 20, wherein said concave cross-sectional shaped

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region comprises:

a region having a substantially C-shaped cross-section.

22. (Previously Presented) The forceps of claim 21, wherein said C-shaped region comprises:

a region having a substantially half-tube shaped cross-section.

23. (Cancelled)

24. (Cancelled)

25. (Previously Presented) The forceps of claim 20, wherein said second regions of said first

and second arms are each positioned at an angle of approximately 0° to 25° degrees from said

first regions of said respective first and second arms.

26. (Previously Presented) The forceps of claim 25, wherein said second regions are each

positioned at an angle of approximately 18 degrees from said first regions of said respective first

and second arms.

27. (Previously Presented) The forceps of claim 20, wherein a line through the center of the

space defined by said concave cross-sectional shaped second region is substantially aligned with

the longitudinal axis of said second region of said first arm.

28. (Previously Presented) The forceps of claim 20, wherein said concave cross-sectional shape

further comprises:

an aperture positioned at the trough of said concave cross-sectional shape.

Amendment After Appeal

29. (Currently Amended) The forceps of claim 20, wherein said tip region comprises:

a region having an approximately half-circular shaped cross-section including a flat

surface, wherein the flat surface of said half-circular shape is proximate to said concave cross-

sectional shaped region when said tip region is in proximity to said concave cross-sectional

shaped region.

30. (Previously Presented) The forceps of claim 29, wherein the flat surface of said tip region has

a width that is greater than the width of the space defined by said concave cross-sectional shaped

region.

31. (Previously Presented) The forceps of claim 29, wherein the flat surface of said tip region has

a width that is less than the width of the space defined by said concave cross-sectional shaped

region.

32. (Previously Presented) The forceps of claim 20, wherein said tip region extends the length

of said second region of said second arm, and comprises:

an approximately constant cross-section.

33. (Previously Presented) The forceps of claim 32, wherein said tip region comprises:

a substantially rectangular cross-section.

34. (Currently Amended) The forceps of claim 32, wherein said tip region comprises:

a region having an approximately half-circular shaped cross-section including a flat

surface, wherein the flat surface of said half-circular shape is proximate to said concave cross-

sectional shaped region when said tip region is in proximity to said concave cross-sectional

shaped region.

35. (Previously Presented) The forceps of claim 20, wherein said distal ends of said second

regions move towards each other when said arms are compressed, and wherein said distal ends of

said second regions move away from each other when the compression is released.

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36. (Previously Presented) The forceps of claim 20, wherein one of said arms includes a post

positioned on said arm, said post being proximate to the other of said arms when said tip region

is in proximity to said concave region, and wherein said post is configured to prevent said tip

region from contacting said concave region.

37. (Previously Presented) The forceps of claim 20, wherein said electrode array comprises an

electrode array selected from the group of: a cochlea stimulation electrode array, a spinal

stimulation electrode array or an auditory midbrain stimulation array.

38-72. (Cancelled)

73. (Previously Presented) A manually adjustable forceps tool for controlling an implantable

electrode assembly of a stimulating medical device comprising:

a first elongate arm having a longitudinal axis and proximal and distal ends and a

structure proximate said distal end that forms at least a portion of a surface of a concave-shaped

cross-sectional region, wherein the proximal end of said concave-shaped cross-sectional region is

configured to receive the electrode assembly along a longitudinal axis through the geometric

center of said concave-shaped cross-sectional region and wherein said concave-shaped cross-

sectional region enables said first elongate arm to receive and support the electrode assembly

such that relative longitudinal movement of the electrode assembly with respect to the forceps

tool is permitted while relative lateral movement of the electrode assembly with respect to the

forceps tool is substantially restricted; and

a second elongate arm having proximal and distal ends and a tip region disposed

proximate to said distal end of said second elongate arm,

wherein said first and second elongate arms are connected to each other such that

application of a manual force to a region adjacent said proximate ends of said first and second

arms causes said tip region and said concave-shaped cross-sectional region to travel toward each

other to retain the electrode assembly in a space between said concave-shaped region and said tip

region, thereby providing operator control of the relative longitudinal movement of the electrode

assembly.

74- 76. (Cancelled)